## ABIM Working to Improve Certification Process

BY MARY ELLEN SCHNEIDER

FROM THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS

TORONTO — The American Board of Internal Medicine is working to make maintenance of certification less redundant, more continuous, and possibly more transparent to the public.

Dr. Wendy S. Levinson, ABIM board chair, told internists at the annual meeting that she understands their frustration with having to report the same type of quality information in so many different ways to various bodies.

"We ourselves live in this world as members of the board who practice," she said. "There are so many requirements on doctors to tell someone how they're doing."

With that in mind, the ABIM and other medical specialty certification boards are working closely with state licensing



'There are so many requirements on doctors to tell someone how they're doing.'

DR. LEVINSON

boards to see if maintenance of certification (MOC) can fulfill some of their reporting requirements.

In addition, the recently enacted health reform law, the Affordable Care Act, includes language about using MOC to satisfy the quality reporting requirements of Medicare's Physician Quality Reporting Initiative. But how that is going to be implemented is still unclear, Dr. Levinson

Ideally, officials at the ABIM would like to see MOC become part of a more seamless process, she said.

For example, physicians someday might be able to log in to the ABIM Web site to complete their MOC requirements, then with a few clicks, send that information along to their state licensing board and a health plan's pay-forperformance program, as well as to hospitals for credentialing.

The ABIM also aims to transform MOC into a more continuous process so that physicians would be doing some aspect of MOC every 1-2 years. This wouldn't mean that physicians would have to take the secure exam more regularly, but they might need to fulfill other MOC requirements on a different schedule. "We know that a 10-year cycle is too long," Dr. Levinson said.

Other boards, such as the American Board of Emergency Medicine, already have annual requirements for their physicians. This type of schedule would help if MOC was to be used in the future to help maintain state medical licenses, she said, which need to be renewed every 1-2 years.

It would also help to meet the public's expectations that physicians are up-to-date on current techniques and research.

The question of how much information to make available to the public about certification is another area that the ABIM board is addressing. The American Board of Medical Special-

ties, the umbrella group for the 24 medical specialty boards, is encouraging all of the boards to start publishing online in-tified or recertified, not whether the formation on whether physicians are

Physicians someday might be able to log in to the ABIM Web site to complete their MOC requirements, then send that information to their state licensing board, a health plan, and hospitals.

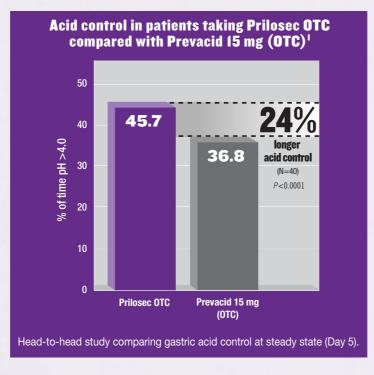
> participating in MOC. Right now, the public can see only if a physician is cer

physician is participating.

The ABIM isn't yet ready to make that change, Dr. Levinson said. Going forward, the key will be to make sure that any published information is "meaningful and relevant" for the public,

while also being "fair and appropriate" for the physician community, she said.

**IN A HEAD-TO-HEAD CLINICAL STUDY** PRILOSEC OTC PREVACID® 15 MG (OTC)\* FOR ACID CONTROL



RECOMMEND **PRILOSEC OTC FOR SUPERIOR 24-HOUR ACID CONTROL.** 



\*The tested formulation is lansoprazole 15 mg, which is exactly the same formulation as Prevacid 24HR.

†Prilosec OTC is indicated for frequent heartburn as a 14-day course of treatment or as directed by your doctor. Not for immediate relief.

<sup>‡</sup>The correlation of pH data to clinical outcome has not been directly established. Data were collected at steady state, on Day 5.

For more information, visit www.prilosecOTC-hcp.com.

Prevacid is a registered trademark of Takeda Pharmaceuticals North America, Inc., and is used under license by Takeda Pharmaceuticals North America, Inc.

Reference: 1. Data on file. The Procter & Gamble Company; 2009.

Prilosec OTC is distributed by Procter & Gamble. Prilosec OTC is a registered trademark of the AstraZeneca group of companies.

© 2009 P&G PPAD09144